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1. Safety information

Safe operation of the product depends on it being properly installed, commissioned and maintained by a qualified person (see Section 1.11) in compliance with the operating instructions.

It is essential to comply with general installation and safety instructions for pipeline and plant construction, as well as to make proper use of tools and safety equipment.

The product is designed and constructed to withstand the forces encountered during normal use. Use of the product for any other purpose, or failure to install the product in accordance with these Installation and Maintenance Instructions, could cause damage to the product, will invalidate the CE marking, and may cause injury or fatality to personnel.

Additional Safety Notes
Level control and level limiting/alarm products in steam boilers
Products/systems must be selected, installed, operated, and tested in accordance with:
- Local or National standards and regulations.
- Guidance Notes, (Health and Safety Executive BG01 and INDG436 in the UK).
- The requirements of Approvals Authorities.
- Boiler inspection bodies.
- Boiler manufacturer’s specifications.

Two independent low water limiting/alarm systems must be installed on steam boilers. Level probes must be installed in separate protection tubes/chambers, with sufficient clearance between the tips, and earth.

Each probe must be connected to an independent controller. The alarm relays must isolate the boiler heat supply at low alarm status.

A high water alarm may be part of the water level control, or a separate system. An independent high water alarm system must be fitted if it is considered a safety requirement. In this case, the relays must simultaneously isolate the feedwater supply and the boiler heat supply at high alarm status. All boiler water limiters/alarms require regular functional testing.

A suitable water treatment regime must be used to ensure continuous safe and correct operation of the control and limiter/alarm systems. Consult the above authorities and a competent water treatment company.
Warning
Isolate the mains supply before unplugging the controller since hazardous voltages will be exposed on the controller base. This product complies with the requirements of Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 89/336/EEC and 93/68/EEC by meeting the standards of:
- EN 61326 : 1997 A1 + A2 Emissions Class B equipment Table 4.
- EN 61326 : 1997 A1 + A2 Immunity for Industrial Locations Annex A.

The following conditions should be avoided as they may create interference above the limits specified in EN 61326 (Immunity) if:
- The product or its wiring is located near a radio transmitter.
- Excessive electrical noise occurs on the mains supply. Power line protectors (ac) should be installed if mains supply noise is likely. Protectors can combine filtering, suppression, surge and spike arrestors.
- Cellular telephones and mobile radios may cause interference if used within approximately 1 metre (39") of the vary according to the surroundings of the installation and the power of the transmitter.

If this product is not used in the manner specified by this IMI, then the protection provided may be impaired.

1.1 Intended use
i) Check that the product is suitable for use with the intended fluid.

ii) Check material suitability, pressure and temperature and their maximum and minimum values. If the maximum operating limits of the product are lower than those of the system in which it is being fitted, or if malfunction of the product could result in a dangerous overpressure or overtemperature occurrence, ensure a safety device is included in the system to prevent such over-limit situations.

iii) Determine the correct installation situation and direction of fluid flow.

iv) Spirax Sarco products are not intended to withstand external stresses that may be induced by any system to which they are fitted. It is the responsibility of the installer to consider these stresses and take adequate precautions to minimise them.

v) Remove protection covers from all connections and protective film from all name-plates, where appropriate, before installation on steam or other high temperature applications.

Safe operation of this product can only be guaranteed if it is properly installed, commissioned, used and maintained by qualified personnel (see Section 1.11) in compliance with the operating instructions. General installation and safety instructions for pipeline and plant construction, as well as the proper use of tools and safety equipment must also be complied with.
1.2 Access
Ensure safe access and if necessary a safe working platform (suitably guarded) before attempting to work on the product. Arrange suitable lifting gear if required.

1.3 Lighting
Ensure adequate lighting, particularly where detailed or intricate work is required.

1.4 Hazardous liquids or gases in the pipeline
Consider what is in the pipeline or what may have been in the pipeline at some previous time. Consider: flammable materials, substances hazardous to health, extremes of temperature.

1.5 Hazardous environment around the product
Consider: explosion risk areas, lack of oxygen (e.g. tanks, pits), dangerous gases, extremes of temperature, hot surfaces, fire hazard (e.g. during welding), excessive noise, moving machinery.

1.6 The system
Consider the effect on the complete system of the work proposed. Will any proposed action (e.g. closing isolation valves, electrical isolation) put any other part of the system or any personnel at risk?
Dangers might include isolation of vents or protective devices or the rendering ineffective of controls or alarms. Ensure isolation valves are turned on and off in a gradual way to avoid system shocks.

1.7 Pressure systems
Ensure that any pressure is isolated and safely vented to atmospheric pressure. Consider double isolation (double block and bleed) and the locking or labelling of closed valves. Do not assume that the system has depressurised even when the pressure gauge indicates zero.

1.8 Temperature
Allow time for temperature to normalise after isolation to avoid the danger of burns. For personal protection wear protective clothing, especially heavy duty gloves and safety glasses.

PTFE:
If parts made from PTFE have been subjected to a temperature approaching 260°C (500°F) or higher, they will give off toxic fumes, which if inhaled are likely to cause temporary discomfort. It is essential for a no smoking rule to be enforced in all areas where PTFE is stored, handled, or processed as persons inhaling the fumes from burning tobacco contaminated with PTFE particles can develop 'polymer fume fever'.

1.9 Tools and consumables
Before starting work ensure that suitable tools and/or consumables are available. Use only genuine Spirax Sarco replacement parts.

1.10 Protective clothing
Consider whether you and/or others in the vicinity require any protective clothing to protect against the hazards of, for example, chemicals, high/low temperature, radiation, noise, falling objects, and dangers to eyes and face.
1.11 Permits to work
All work must be carried out or be supervised by a suitably competent person. Installation and operating personnel should be trained in the correct use of the product according to the Installation and Maintenance Instructions. Where a formal 'permit to work' system is in force it must be complied with. Where there is no such system, it is recommended that a responsible person should know what work is going on and, where necessary, arrange to have an assistant whose primary responsibility is safety. Post 'warning notices' if necessary.

1.12 Handling
Manual handling of large and/or heavy products may present a risk of injury. Lifting, pushing, pulling, carrying or supporting a load by bodily force can cause injury particularly to the back. You are advised to assess the risks taking into account the task, the individual, the load and the working environment and use the appropriate handling method depending on the circumstances of the work being done.

1.13 Residual hazards
In normal use the external surface of the product may be very hot. Many products are not self-draining. Take due care when dismantling or removing the product from an installation.

1.14 Freezing
Provision must be made to protect products which are not self-draining against frost damage in environments where they may be exposed to temperatures below freezing point.

1.15 Disposal
The product is recyclable. No ecological hazard is anticipated with the disposal of this product providing due care is taken, EXCEPT;

PTFE:
- Can only be disposed of by approved methods, not incineration.
- Keep PTFE waste in a separate container, do not mix it with other rubbish, and consign it to a landfill site.

1.16 Returning products
Customers and stockists are reminded that under EC Health, Safety and Environment Law, when returning products to Spirax Sarco they must provide information on any hazards and the precautions to be taken due to contamination residues or mechanical damage which may present a health, safety or environmental risk. This information must be provided in writing including Health and Safety data sheets relating to any substances identified as hazardous or potentially hazardous.
2. General product information

2.1 Description
The Spirax Sarco LP20 is a capacitance probe designed for modulating level control in conductive liquids, in conjunction with a PA20 preamplifier, which is supplied separately. It can also be used for adjustable on/off control.

The LP20 may be used with one or more controllers or transmitters to provide level control, level alarms, and/or outputs to a building management system.

The probe is normally installed in a steam boiler or metal tank where it is earthed through the ½" BSP screwed connection, the boiler or tank forming the earth return path. It may be used in a non-conductive tank (e.g. plastic or concrete) if an earth rod is provided.

The PA20 preamplifier (described in separate literature), is screwed to the top of the probe and hand tightened, enabling easy removal without the need to disturb the probe.

The LP20 probe is compatible with the Spirax Sarco range of controllers and transmitters, which are described in separate literature.

Approvals
The LP20 is also available with a ½" NPT screwed connection, approved to UL61010. Please note that this version will not be CE marked and is not suitable for Europe.

Caution:
The probe is not suitable for outside installation without additional environmental protection.

Note:
For additional product data see the following Technical Information sheet TI-P402-39

2.2 Available probe lengths (approximate) in mm
370, 470, 550, 600, 650, 750, 800, 900, 950, 1050, 1200, 1350 or 1500.

Notes:
1. Probe length includes the 25 mm 'dead' length at its tip. The probe must not be cut to length.
2. Probe is normally installed vertically, but for probe tip lengths of up to 500 mm (20") it may be inclined by up to 45° from the vertical.

2.3 Pressure/temperature limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal pressure rating</th>
<th>PN40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum pressure</td>
<td>32 bar g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum temperature</td>
<td>239°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient temperature</td>
<td>MAXIMUM 70°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MINIMUM 5°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designed for a maximum cold hydraulic test pressure of:</td>
<td>60 bar g</td>
</tr>
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</table>

2.4 Technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sensing depth</th>
<th>Probe length minus 25 mm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum conductivity</td>
<td>5 µS/cm or 5 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3. How the LP20 probe works

The probe consists of a metal rod completely insulated from the liquid by PTFE sheathing. It works by sensing the variation in capacitance caused by a change in water level, an increasing level giving a proportionally increasing output. The capacitance is measured by the preamplifier and transmitted as a dc signal to the controller or transmitter. Control and switching levels are set in the controller.

The preamplifier sensitivity is selected according to the immersed length of the probe, and the wiring variations that achieve this are described in the preamplifier Installation and Maintenance Instructions (IMI).

CAUTION: Over-tightening by hand or use of a wrench will cause damage to the ‘O’ ring and may damage the preamplifier.

4. Installation

WARNING: The LP20 probe must not be cut to length. Do not install the probe outdoors without additional weather protection. Do not block the drain or the vent holes.

A protection tube of 80 mm (3") nominal bore is required for boilers, or in tanks where turbulence is likely. This should be as long as possible, and at least long enough to cope with the expansion of the probe at maximum operating temperature (0 - 239°C, 32 - 462°F). Allow 20 mm (¾") clearance for probes up to 750 mm in length, and 38 mm (1½" for longer probes).

4.1 Install the prods as follows
- Ensure both male and female threads are in good condition.
- Use up to three turns (no more) of PTFE thread sealing tape on the probe thread. WARNINGS: Do not use excessive tape. Do not use paste type jointing compound.
- Fit and tighten the probe by hand initially - use a suitable spanner to tighten the probe. Under no circumstances use a pipe wrench.
- Due to the nature of a taper/parallel joint it is not possible to recommend tightening torque figures.
- Do not overtighten - there should always be visible thread on the probe.
- Note: The probe thread will not 'bottom out' (i.e. probe body hexagon contacts the face of the female screwed connection), unless there is excessive wear or an out-of-tolerance female thread, in which case it will be necessary to replace or re-work the flange or connection. After installation ensure that resistance from the probe body to the pipework boiler shell is less than 1 Ω.
4.2 Subsequent removal and refitting
Cabling should be installed in accordance with BS 6739 - Instrumentation in Process Control Systems: Installation design and practice or local equivalent.

**Warning:** Ensure boiler or vessel is depressurised and vented to atmosphere before attempting to unscrew or remove the probe.

- Always use the correct size spanner - not a pipe wrench.
- Inspect male and female threads for signs of damage, which may have occurred through overtightening, leading to torn threads or even localised cold welding (galling/picking up).
- If damage has occurred replace the probe.
- Carry out an electrical continuity check to ensure that the resistance between the probe body and the boiler or tank is less than 1Ω.
- An 'O' ring is supplied with both the LP20 and PA20. Ensure only one 'O' ring is fitted between the probe and the PA20 preamplifier (see Figure 2).

The preamplifier must only be screwed on hand tight to avoid damage to the 'O' ring. Refer to the preamplifier IMI for further information.

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5. Wiring

Refer to the preamplifier and controller/transmitter Installation and Maintenance Instructions for wiring details and diagrams.

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6. Maintenance

**Note:** Read the 'Safety information' in Section 1 before starting any maintenance.

No special servicing, preventative maintenance or inspection of the product is required.

**Level controls**
Boiler water level controls and level alarms, however, do require testing and inspection. General guidance is given in Health and Safety Executive Guidance Notes BG01 and INDG436.

For specific instructions for the Spirax Sarco system please see separate literature.

**Cleaning instructions**
Use a cloth dampened with tap/de-ionised water or isopropyl alcohol. Use of other cleaning materials could damage the product and invalidate the warranty.